

LOCAL AND LITERARY.

A call was recently born near Port Clinton, which had two perfect heads.

Hons. R. Mott, John Sherman, and Owen Lovejoy, have our thanks for favors.

Post-Master General Brown died in Washington City on Tuesday morning last.

One night last week, some graceless scamp stole all of Mr. Merry's chickens except a hen and rooster.

Hitchcock is east purchasing a fine stock of Spring goods. Some of his purchases are expected to arrive this week.

The President has called an extra session of the Senate, and it is reported that an extra session of Congress will be called sometime in July.

The reported murder of a woman at Marblehead, Ottawa county, proves incorrect. Mrs. Flanagan got drunk, fell into the fire and thus lost her life.

Walsby House; or, the Lover's Revenge; a Story laid in the South of Ireland, by the author of the "Indian Story," has been received and will be published at an early day.

Hon. R. Mott has placed us under special obligations for copies of the Congressional Globe and Appendix, for 1857-8, and the Message and Accompanying Documents, in four volumes.

Kreps has gone east to select his Spring goods, and they will be arriving the latter part of this week. Look out for the first chance to select from the splendid variety which he will bring.

We have before us a copy of the Washington Union, containing a long editorial in which Douglas is charged with making efforts to form a free Soil party on the principles of the Wilmont Proviso.

The citizens of Plymouth, Ind., are in a perfect blaze of excitement on the temperance question. The "Buckeye Broad-Axe" is lecturing up there, "hewing to the line," if we may judge by the reports given in the Republican.

Subscribers who pay \$1.00 immediately will have the benefit of back arrearsages. Perryburg Press.

How will it be about the forward "arrearsages"? Quite a number of our subscribers "have the benefit of back arrearsages" now.

We heard it reported in Toledo, on what we supposed good authority, that Capt. Dustin, of Detroit, well known to the people hereabouts, had purchased the Steamer *Oliver Branch*, put her in a fine condition for service, and would be on the line between this place and Toledo in about two weeks. We give the report for what it may be worth, and await future developments.

CAUGHT AT LAST.—As will be seen by reference to the proper column, our friend Geo. S. McKnight, who has been so successful in catching the finny tribe, has at last been caught in a hoop trap, and is a "gone sucker." We can testify, however, that he bore it well, exhibiting no signs of being "uncasy as a fish out of water" when put into matrimonial harness. The happy twain of one flesh have our warmest wishes for their future prosperity and happiness, with the hope that they may find the sweets of "honey-moon" but the foretaste of those deeper and more enduring pleasures which ever attend upon a well spent married life.

The editor of the Toledo Herald, who was willing to edit a Buchanan paper as long as he could have a clerkship in the Custom House, and who edits a Douglas paper as soon as the public test is withdrawn from his democratic mouth, approves of the veto of the bill granting lands for the establishment of Agricultural Colleges.

He is willing to appropriate \$250,000,000 to purchase Cuba, and as much more to get an interest in Mexico, for the benefit of the Slave Power and the strengthening of Popery in our government, but not an acre of the idle lands of our vast western domain can be appropriated for the promotion of the great agricultural interests of the Industrious Free North.

The Tragedy.

The papers are full of incidents and rumors respecting the recent tragedy in Washington City. Sickles and Key were both prominent members of the democratic party, and Mrs. Sickles was a very gay and attractive woman. Key had rented a house in an obscure portion of the city, hired a woman to keep it, and Mrs. Sickles was to meet him there on the receipt of certain signals which both well understood. This she had confessed to Sickles and Key soon came along and gave a signal for the meeting; and Mr. S. produced his revolver, went into the street and shot him in the most deliberate manner. From all that we can learn, Sickles and his wife have both been rather loose in their morals, and while we have no excuse to offer for the conduct of Key, and no tears to shed over his fate, we do not think Sickles the proper person to take his life. If a man gets beat at his own game, public sentiment demands acquiescence in the result. This affair affords another exhibition of the character of those who are elected to the most important offices by the locofoco party. It should be borne in mind that all the powers of the general government were put into requisition to secure the election of Daniel E. Sickles to congress.—Union United States Soldiers were marched up to the ballot-boxes and voted by platoons.—Sickles and his wife accompanied Buchanan to Europe, and he probably learned their virtue and therefore was very anxious to have them in Washington. Their residence was near the White House. What next shall we have as the legitimate fruits of locofoco corruption?

Great Cure after the Physicians had Failed.

Dr. C. M. Jackson.—Dear Sir:—We would inform you that we are out of Hooftland's German Bitters, which are very ready sale. One of our neighbors has been suffering for some time (we think about two years) with the doctors in the country, but all of no avail. He looked as much like a dead man going about as any we can compare him to. His disease appeared to be an overloading of the gall. With hard persuasion we prevailed on him to try your Bitters, with the promise to him if it did no good we would exchange nothing for it, provided he took six bottles according to direction, which he has done and is now entirely cured and has become a well man. This cure has created a great sale in this neighborhood. Respectfully, EDWARDS & BROWN.

Ask for Hooftland's German Bitters and take nothing else. See that the signature of Dr. C. M. Jackson is on the wrapper of each bottle. The Bitters are manufactured by C. M. Jackson, 418 Arch st., Philadelphia, and are sold by druggists and store keepers in every town and village in the U. S., Canada, West Indies and S. America at 75c per bottle. 4362

There is a lust in man no charm can tame, Or lusty publishing his neighbor's shame;— On eagles wings immortal scandals fly, While virtuous actions are but born and die.

In fact, there's nothing makes me so much grieve As that aboutable scandalous scoundrel, Which is the end eschew'd by human cattle, —BYRON'S Don Juan.

How eagerly do we attach an unkind interpretation to the best intended acts of our fellows. Any charitable deed, when performed in a quiet, christian-like manner, once known to society, affords gossiping tongues food for every species of conjecture and is sure to convince them of the truth that all is not gold that glitters. Particularly is this the case when a gentleman extends his charity to a fascinating young widow—or especially when a "grass-widow" is the subject of his benevolence. It matters not how needy the poor unfortunate lady may be—necessity often leads people to commit acts which otherwise would be stoutly resisted—it matters not how long and severe may be the toil which secures her scanty maintenance and home life—society is only too willing to impute wrong motives to the strong arm that is extended for relief. Let us illustrate by a fact which came under our own observation, and which may not be new to all of our readers.

A handsome young lady, who mourned the lost sweets of matrimony, located in a beautiful village, and having none of this world's goods on which to rely for her support, she was compelled to toil with untiring energy for a meagre sustenance. As every one acquainted with the reward for needle service must know, even the most incessant labor afforded her but the merest excuse for a decent living, and as for furnishing her narrow apartment with comfortable or even necessary furniture, that was entirely out of the question. All angels do not wear calico, as many suppose, and as the sequel of this narrative will show. The necessities of this lady reached the ears of a benevolent young man, who eventually believed, with Byron, that

"The drying up a single tear has more Of honest fame, than shuddering seas of gore;"

and he at once resolved to present her an article of furniture which, for brevity only, we shall call a new stove with which she could prepare her scanty meals. In obedience to the command not to let the left hand know what the right bestows, he quietly went to one of his large-hearted companions, and informed him of the benevolent purpose of his heart. Not willing that such an opportunity to do good should pass unembraced, the person thus "let into the secret" immediately asked the privilege of "going halves" in the generous deed, and, vouching with his informant in good works, immediately posted off and purchased the desired article.—Knowing the tendency of human nature—especially that portion which generally makes up little villages—to distort everything which passes under review, and not willing to enjoy all the "luxury of doing good" themselves, they permitted a benevolent friend, who kept a team for doing such jobs, to haul the stove to the handsome subject of their benevolence and put it up, well knowing that he would be only too willing to bestow such an act of kindness. It is scarcely necessary to say that his part of the benevolent act was performed with becoming grace and elegance. A few days after, the lady having had a fair opportunity to test the qualities of her stove, and to partially recover from the embarrassment which such kindness always produces, the innkeeper of the benevolent act, called to see how the stove operated and to lend a little cheer to the fair recipient of his bounty.—Like all deserving subjects of aid, she feigned ignorance of the real purpose of her kind-hearted visitor, and at once proposed to return him a portion of the outlay with a promise that the balance should be forthcoming as soon as her industrious fingers could earn it. Of course he declined to receive pay for that which he had so freely given, and what a thrill of sympathetic joy must have possessed his generous heart, as she said, while the tear drops chased each other in rapid succession down her lovely cheeks and fell upon a form of voluptuous beauty. "I thank you, sir, from the bottom of my heart, I thank you for this unmerited kindness." He is supposed to have called once or twice after this, merely to ascertain whether she had not some other unexpended want, but failing to discover another opportunity to gratify his benevolent feelings, his visits ceased.

The person who purchased the stove, exhibited commendable zeal and christian virtue both by his frequent inquiries about the progress made by the fair one in her pursuits after worldly pleasures, and by his entire concealment from her—she does not know to this day the real hand that was outstretched for her relief;—and the teamster, not to be outdone by his younger rivals in errands of mercy, fearing that to haul the furniture of the stove on his wagon might injure it, carried it piece by piece; and this was accomplished, close observers of passing events declare that he was frequently seen surveying her premises with a jealous eye, as if intent on keeping her wood pile well supplied and her chickens well fed.

Three facts finally reached the public ear, perhaps from the recital of them by the recipient of the favor, and oh, how they were distorted! How the bad was made to supercede the good intention! It is not necessary for us to even allude to the character of the reports which were at once freely circulated—they suggest themselves—nor can we picture the suffering endured by those three Good Samaritans in consequence of the gross distortion of their charitable purposes! Such is human nature, and old Mother Eve is responsible for it!

—On Sunday morning, 26th ult., the steamer Princeton, running from Vicksburg to New Orleans, exploded and burned. She had on board about 400 passengers; at least two hundred of whom were lost. She was behind time and the engineer declared he would reach New Orleans on time or blow up. His body was cut completely in two by the explosion. The sad affair occurred near Baton Rouge, and most of the sufferers were residents of Louisiana and Mississippi.

HOME TESTIMONY.

THE SCANDINAVIAN BLOOD PILLS & BLOOD PURIFIER.

Eastville, Wood county, O., Jan. 18th, 1859.

Dr. C. W. Roemer.—Dear Sir:—I am your Agent in this place, and seeing your many certificates from different parts of the globe, I thought to test the matter by trying your medicine on my son, aged nineteen. He had been unable to do any work for six years, and had the rheumatism and dyspepsia. Oct. 15, 1858, he weighed 130 lbs., and began taking your medicine. He is now in good health, and is able to walk 15 miles without injury. You are at liberty to publish this if you like. Yours, truly, J. M. BROOKS.

Guardian's Sale.

By virtue of an order of Wood County Probate Court on the 24th day of April, A. D. 1859, at one o'clock P. M., at the door of the Court House, in Perryburg, Wood County, Ohio, I will sell to the highest bidder the following real estate, to-wit: The property of Rosetta and Guy Nearing, to-wit: The south half of the south-east quarter of section 34, of township 5 north, of range 10 east, containing 20 acres. Terms of sale, one-third down, one-third in one year, and one-third in two years. Deferred payments evidenced by notes of hand on interest, secured by mortgage on the premises.

Guardian of Rosetta and Guy Nearing.

March 3, 1859—4148213.

Attachment Notice.

James Miller, P. E. vs. William A. Trall, Def. Before J. C. Huppel, J. P. Perryburg township, Wood county, Ohio.

ON the 31 day of March, A. D. 1859, said Justice issued an order of attachment in the above action for the sum of fifty dollars, with costs, dated April 1, A. D. 1859. JAMES MILLER.

Perryburg, March 10, 1859—4148210.

Purely Democratic!

A bill has been pushed through the legislature under the gag of the previous question, taking the power of appointing police officers out of the hands of the people of Cincinnati and authorizing their appointment by the present locofoco Council, to serve for five years! The secret of this measure lies in the fact that Cincinnati is becoming Republican—her present Council cannot be re-elected—the people would elect a majority of Republican officers, and therefore, just as they are going out of office, which they were elected to fill when this important power was not attached to their duties, the present locofoco Council, representing a minority of the citizens of Cincinnati, are empowered to say who shall rule over them for the next five years! How much genuine democracy is there in that? How much popular sovereignty can you discover in such a measure? How much of honesty can you discern in the man who will vote for such a tyrannical law? How much devotion to equal rights are you able to discover in a party which, to rule, will disfranchise the people? How many honest men, devoted to Freedom, and Equal and Exact Justice, will refuse to put their mark of condemnation upon the men and the party that will thus trample upon the dearest rights of a free people?

THE REMAINS OF THURSTON, THE MISSING ADONAM, FOUND.—On Sunday afternoon last, the son of Mr. Hoag, while searching for some lost sheep in the woods, on the farm of Solomon Miner, about 6 or 7 miles out of Toledo, near the Indiana Road, on a little knoll surrounded by low, wet land, at the foot of a large oak tree, discovered what he was well satisfied was the remains of a human being. On Monday morning a number of neighbors repaired to the spot, and there found, broken to the tree and imbedded in the earth, a broken jaw bone and matted hair; a short distance from the tree they found a boot containing a skull that was much decomposed; portions of the feet, teeth, nails, and fragments of bones were also found; but the portions of clothing found afforded the first means of identifying the body. They succeeded, however, in finding a Lapine silver watch, jack knife, buckskin purse, pair of gloves, several cards and a letter. The latter, on being dried, could be read, and was found to have been addressed to Mr. Thurston. The remains were carefully collected and taken to Adrian, where they were fully identified as those of the unfortunate Adoniam. It was evident that the hogs, or some other animals, had devoured the flesh of the missing man. Mr. Thurston was lost on the 16th of last September, and all search for him has been directed to points at a great distance from where his remains were found. He could have been up but 20 or 30 minutes, but, from all accounts, he must have been about two miles high when the valve to which he was holding gave way.

To Clericus.—Your favor is received. We are of opinion that no good, but possibly injury might be done by the publication of the article. We have had enough of slander cases, and sometimes think that prudence is the better part of valor.

By request of the County Auditor, we this week insert sec. 33, 34, and 36 of the Tax Law for the benefit of District Assessors and Real Estate tax payers in Wood county, O., and that all may know the consequences of refusing to give all the required information when duly solicited.

MARRIED.

On Thursday last, March 31, 1859, at the residence of the bride's father, in Perryburg, by Rev. G. A. Adams, Mr. GEORGE S. MCKNIGHT and Miss MARY L. SHELTER.

Chills and Fever! Chills and Fever!—One of the greatest remedies that has ever been laid before the public, for Fever and Ague, and which has received the highest encomiums from the press and the people, is Dr. J. H. ROBERTS' CHILLS AND FEVER BITTERS. Who would endure the tortures arising from this terrible disease when it can be so easily cured? Who would endure sleepless nights, burning fevers, and terrible delirium, when remedy can be obtained for a mere trifle? And yet how many families linger under a painful existence under this deadly bill and do nothing but squelch down quinine until it becomes as common as their daily meals, and yet they are not relieved. None but the foolish and weak would hesitate to procure these valuable Bitters and save themselves agony.

Sold by druggists and store keepers generally everywhere. See ad. in another column. 4361.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.

Prepared by Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M.D., NEW YORK CITY.

The combination of ingredients in these pills are the result of long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, white and nervous affections, hysteria, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arises from interruption of nature.

MAILED LADIES.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are invaluable, as they will bring on the monthly period with regularity. Ladies who have been disappointed in other pills, can place the utmost confidence in Dr. Cheeseman's Pills when they take them.

NOTICE.

There is one condition of the female system when the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PRECIPITANT RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY. The result, MISERABLE. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the vital functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

General Agent for the United States, 155 Chambers Street, NEW YORK.

To whom all wholesale orders should be addressed, 229-Sold by PECK & HAMILTON, Perryburg, Nov. 23, 1859—209.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

THE notes and amounts of the subscriber are left at the Store of POWERS & BLANK. All those indebted are requested to call and pay up. I need money. Those not arranged in a very short time will be left for collection. GEORGE POWERS.

March 10, 1859—4446.

Guardian's Sale.

By virtue of an order of Wood County Probate Court on the 24th day of April, A. D. 1859, at one o'clock P. M., at the door of the Court House, in Perryburg, Wood County, Ohio, I will sell to the highest bidder the following real estate, to-wit: The property of Rosetta and Guy Nearing, to-wit: The south half of the south-east quarter of section 34, of township 5 north, of range 10 east, containing 20 acres. Terms of sale, one-third down, one-third in one year, and one-third in two years. Deferred payments evidenced by notes of hand on interest, secured by mortgage on the premises.

Guardian of Rosetta and Guy Nearing.

March 3, 1859—4148213.

Attachment Notice.

James Miller, P. E. vs. William A. Trall, Def. Before J. C. Huppel, J. P. Perryburg township, Wood county, Ohio.

ON the 31 day of March, A. D. 1859, said Justice issued an order of attachment in the above action for the sum of fifty dollars, with costs, dated April 1, A. D. 1859. JAMES MILLER.

Perryburg, March 10, 1859—4148210.

Sections 33, 34 and 36 of Taxation Law.

Sections 33, 34 and 36 of the Taxation Law, which make it the duty of each district assessor to make out a list of the property in his district, and from such sources of information as shall be in his power a correct and pertinent description of each tract and lot of real property in his district, and who, he shall deem it necessary to obtain an accurate description of any separate tract or lot in his district, he may require the owner or occupier thereof to furnish the same, with any title papers he may have in his possession, and if such owner or occupier, upon demand made for the same, shall neglect or refuse to furnish satisfactory description of such parcel of real property, or shall furnish a description of such parcel of real property, which shall not be a correct and pertinent description of the same, he shall be liable to the assessor to make out a description of the boundaries and location thereof, and a statement of the quantity of land therein, and the expense of such survey shall be returned by such assessor to the auditor of his county, who shall add the same to the tax assessed upon such real property; and it shall be collected by the treasurer of the county with such tax, and when collected shall be paid on demand to the person to whom the same is due; and he shall, in all cases, from actual view, and from the best sources of information within his reach, determine, as near as practicable, the true value of each separate tract and lot of real property in his district, according to the values prescribed by this act for valuing real property; and he shall note in his plat-book, separately, the value of all houses, mills, and other buildings which exceed one hundred dollars in value, on any tract of land other than town lots, which shall be carried out as a part of the value of such tract; he shall also enter on his plat-book, the number of acres of arable or plow land, the number of acres of meadow and pasture land, and the number of acres of woodland and unenclosed land in each tract, as near as may be.

Sec. 34. For the purpose of enabling the assessor to determine the value of buildings and other improvements on real property, he may, with the consent of the owner or occupier thereof, and fully to examine all buildings and structures, of whatever kind, which are not by this act expressly exempted from taxation.

Sec. 36. The district assessor, at the time of making the assessment of real property subject to taxation, shall enter, in a separate list, pertinent descriptions of all buildings erected for public school houses, houses used exclusively for public worship, and institutions of purely public charity, and public buildings, and property used exclusively for any public purpose, with the lot or tract on which such house, school, or institution of public building is situated, and which are by this act exempt from taxation; and he shall value such houses, buildings, property, lots and tracts of land at their true value in money, in the same manner that he is required to value other real property, designating in each case the township or town and number of the school district, or the name or designation of the school, religious society, or institution to which each lot or tract belongs; or if such property is held and used for other public purposes, he shall state by whom or how it is held.

Sale of Real Estate by Order of Court.

On the 24 day of April, A. D. 1859, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the door of the Court House in Perryburg, Wood County, Ohio, I will sell to the highest bidder the following real estate, as the property of A. G. Gillet, to-wit: Lots 13 and 14 in section 1, of township 5 north, of range 10 east, containing 20 acres, appraised at \$200.00, subject to the life estate of Polly Gillet, widow of A. G. Gillet, deceased, in section 7, of township 5 north, of range 10 east, appraised at \$200.00, each lot. Terms of sale, one-third down, one-third in one year, and one-third in two years from day of sale. Deferred payments evidenced by notes of hand on interest, secured by mortgage on the premises sold.

S. JEFFERSON, District Auditor of A. G. Gillet's estate, dec. March 10, 1859—4148230.

BY STATE AUTHORITY.

PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY.

HARTFORD.

CONNECTION.

—VOTED TO—

FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.

(Charter Perpetual).

CASH CAPITAL — \$200,000.00.

CASH CAPITAL — \$119,000.00.

S. L. LOOMIS, President.

H. KELLOGG, Secretary.

BRANCH OFFICE, 31 & 33 W. 34th, CINCINNATI.

M. MAGILL, General Agent.

Agents in the principal Cities and Towns in the Union, LOSSES PROMPTLY PAID.

Applications received, and Policies issued and renewed.

D. K. HOLLENBERG, Agent, Feb. 21, 1859—17.

NEW GOODS.

—AND—

GOOD NEWS!

Twenty-five per cent.

DISCOUNT!

ON FORMER PRICES!

THE undersigned is determined to abandon old prices, and sell his goods at prices which cannot fail to bring him a great flow of custom. He has everything in the line of

DRY GOODS.

GROCERIES.

HARDWARE.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

He proposes to sell

Best Rio Coffee at 12 cents per pound.

Best Tea at 50 cents per pound.

Pure Saleratus at 6 cents per pound.

Sheetings from 6 to 9 cents per yard.

Calicoes from 6 1/2 to 10 cents per yard.

Stone Ware at 6 cents per g. d.

Good S. & W. No. 1 at \$2.50 per pair.

Ladies' Boots at 50 cents per pair.

Best Tallow Candles at 12 cents per pound.

Golden Syrup at 50 cents per gal.

And the rest of his large and valuable stock of goods at proportionately low figures.

He is connected with the

CROTON MILLS,

and keeps on hand at all times

FLOUR AND MEAL,

of the best quality, which will be sold in quantities to suit purchasers.

My stock of goods consists of everything that the people of Wood County need in the line of Groceries, Dry Goods, &c., and I am determined to put my figures so low that those who once purchase of me will be induced to make my store their regular place of trading. I am confident that my old friends will endeavor to give me a hearty support, and at my low figures be made known to those who have been paying such high prices for Goods.

I shall sell off my present stock of Goods and in the Spring shall fill their place with an extensive assortment of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY!

and let the people have them at

1859.

THANKS.

THE

LARGEST,

CHEAPEST.

—AND—

BEST

ASSORTMENT OF

CABINET WARE

—AND—

CHAIRS.

HAVING REMOVED THEIR STOCK TO

their new building opposite the Drug Store, CROOK & BROWN are prepared to sell,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

CHEAPER than EVER!

CALL and SEE and JUDGE for

YOURSELVES!

and we are satisfied that we can SUIT YOU.

COFFINS.

If you wish to procure a narrow house for the

clay of the departed, we will not only furnish any style of coffin you may wish, but also an

UNDERTAKER and HEARSE,

if desired.

TURNING.

At our Factory on the Hydraulic we will find

us prepared to do all kinds of Turning

For Builders,

For Cabinet Makers,

For Chair